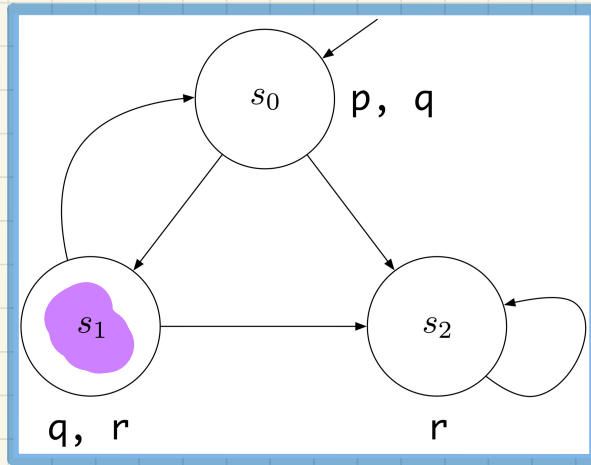


Model vs. Path Satisfaction: Exercises (1.1)



Recall: $\pi \models p \Leftrightarrow p \in L(s_1)$

Say: $\pi = s_0 \rightarrow s_1 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow \dots$

$$\pi^2 \models \top \quad \text{True}$$

$$\pi^2 \not\models \perp \quad \text{True}$$

$$\pi^2 \not\models p \wedge q \quad \text{False}$$

$$\pi^2 \models p \vee q \quad \text{True}$$

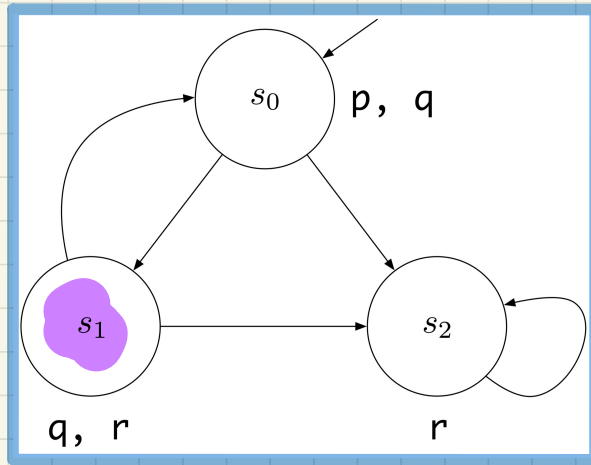
$$\pi^2 \models p \Rightarrow q \quad \text{True}$$

$$\pi^2 \models r \quad \text{True}$$

$$\pi^2 \not\models r \Rightarrow p \wedge q \wedge r \quad \text{False}$$

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to π^2 ?

Model vs. Path Satisfaction: Exercises (1.2)



$s \models p \Leftrightarrow$ all π starting at s , $\pi \models p$

$s_1 \models \top$ True

$s_1 \not\models \perp$ True

$s_1 \models p \wedge q$ False

$s_1 \models p \vee q$ True

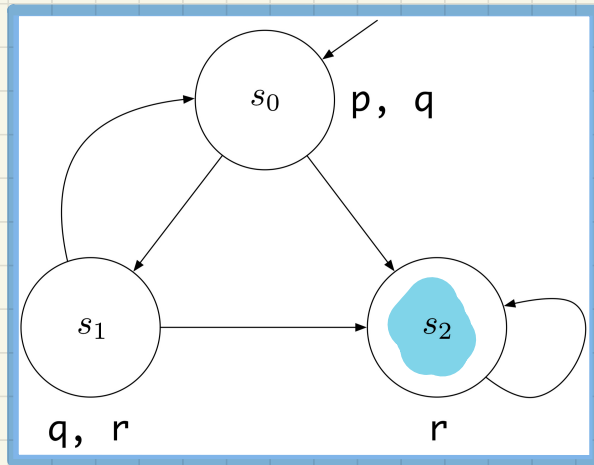
$s_1 \models p \Rightarrow q$ True

$s_1 \models r$ True

$s_1 \models r \Rightarrow p \wedge q \wedge r$ False

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to s_1 ?

Model vs. Path Satisfaction: Exercises (2.1)



$$(\pi^2)^2 = \pi^3$$

Recall: $\pi \models X \phi \Leftrightarrow \pi^2 \models \phi$

Say: $\pi = s_0 \rightarrow s_1 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow \dots$

π^2

$$(\pi^2)^2 = \pi^3$$

$$\pi^2 \pi \models X \top \quad \text{True}$$

$$\pi^2 \pi \not\models X \perp \quad \text{True}$$

$$\pi^2 \pi \models X (q \wedge r) \quad \text{False}$$

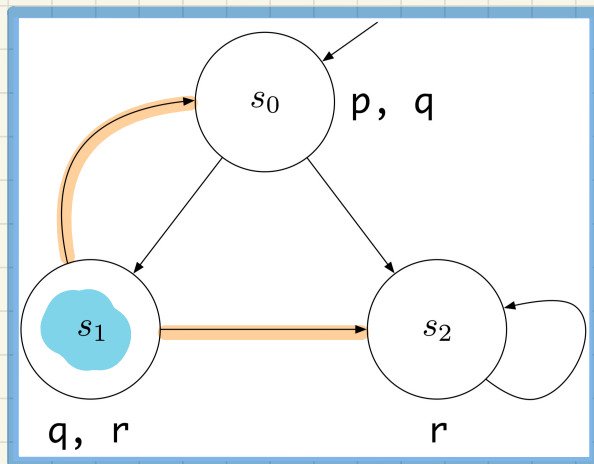
$$\pi^2 \pi \models X q \wedge \underline{r} \quad \text{False on } s_1$$

$$\pi^2 \pi \models X (q \Rightarrow r) \quad \text{True}$$

$$\pi^2 \pi \models X q \Rightarrow r \quad \text{True}$$

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to π^2 ?

Model vs. Path Satisfaction: Exercises (2.2)



$s \models \phi \Leftrightarrow \text{all } \pi \text{ starting at } s, \pi \models \phi$

$s_1 \not\models \text{X } \top$ True

$s_1 \not\models \text{X } \perp$ True

$s_1 \not\models \text{X } (q \wedge r)$ Fake witness: $s_1 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow \dots$

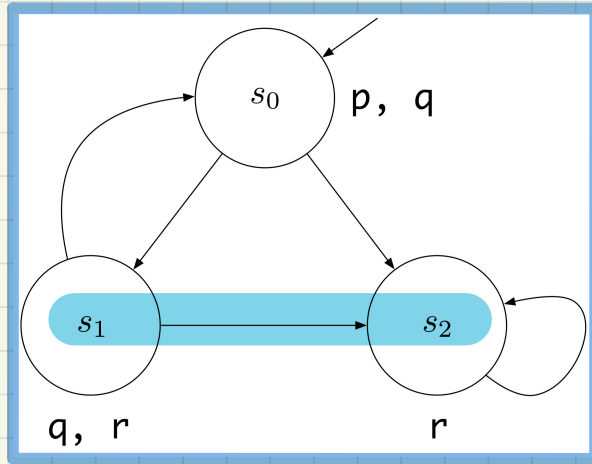
$s_1 \not\models \text{X } q \wedge \underline{r}$ Fake witness: $s_1 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow \dots$

$s_1 \not\models \text{X } (q \Rightarrow r)$ False witness: $s_1 \rightarrow s_0 \rightarrow \dots$

$s_1 \not\models \text{X } q \Rightarrow r$ True

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to s_1 ?

Model vs. Path Satisfaction: Exercises (3.1)



$$\pi \models \mathbf{G} \phi \Leftrightarrow \forall i \bullet i \geq 1 \Rightarrow \pi^i \models \phi$$

Say: $\pi = s_0 \rightarrow s_1 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow \dots$

$$\pi^2 \models \mathbf{G} \top \quad \text{True}$$

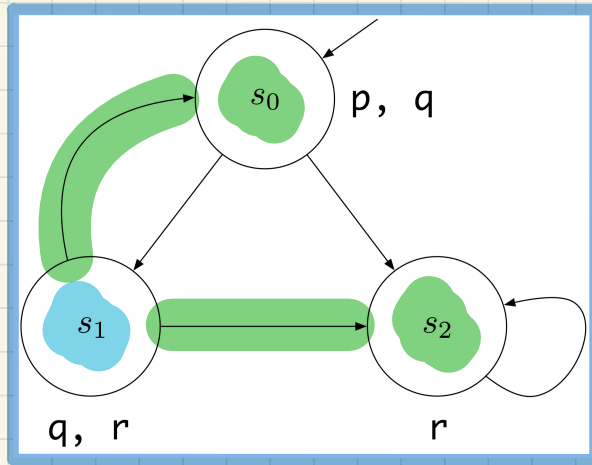
$$\pi^2 \not\models \mathbf{G} \perp \quad \text{True}$$

$$\pi^2 \models \mathbf{G} \neg(p \wedge r) \quad \text{True} \quad (\neg p \text{ sat. in } s_1, s_2)$$

$$\pi^2 \models \mathbf{G} r \quad \text{True}$$

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to π^2 ?

Model vs. Path Satisfaction: Exercises (3.2)



$s \models \phi \Leftrightarrow \text{all } \pi \text{ starting at } s, \pi \models \phi$

$s_1 \not\models G \top$ True

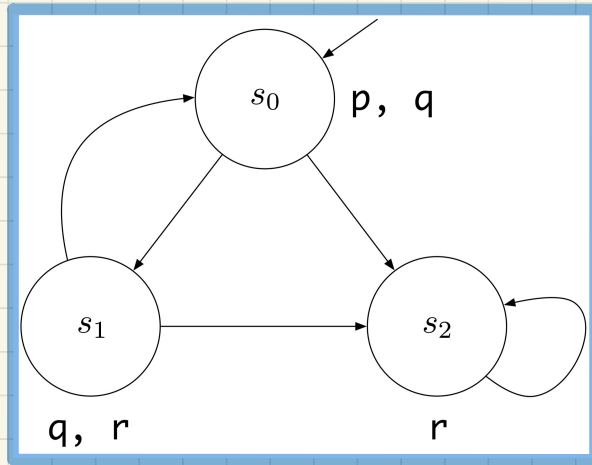
$s_1 \not\models G \perp$ True

$s_1 \not\models G \neg(p \wedge r)$ True (all states sat. ^{$\neg p \vee \neg r$})

$s_1 \not\models G r$ False witness: $s_1 \rightarrow s_0 \rightarrow \dots$ _{$\neg r$}

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to s_1 ?

Model vs. Path Satisfaction: Exercises (4.1)



$$\pi \models \mathbf{F} \phi \Leftrightarrow \exists i \bullet i \geq 1 \wedge \pi^i \models \phi$$

Say: $\pi = s_0 \rightarrow s_1 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow \dots$

$$\pi^2 \models \mathbf{F} \top \quad \text{True}$$

$$\pi^2 \not\models \mathbf{F} \perp \quad \text{True}$$

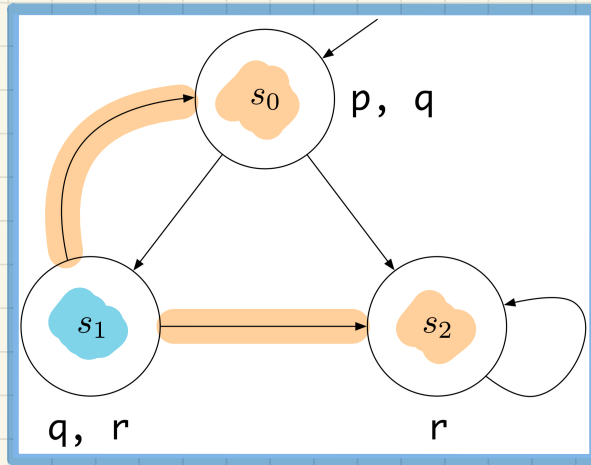
$$\pi^2 \models \mathbf{F} \neg(p \wedge r) \quad \text{True} \quad \text{witness: } s_1$$

$$\pi^2 \models \mathbf{F} r \quad \text{True} \quad \text{witness: } s_1$$

$$\pi^2 \models \mathbf{F} (q \wedge r) \quad \text{True} \quad \text{witness } s_1$$

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to π^2 ?

Model vs. Path Satisfaction: Exercises (4.2)



$$s \models \phi \Leftrightarrow \text{all } \pi \text{ starting at } s, \pi \models \phi$$

$$s_1 \not\models F \top \quad \text{True}$$

$$s_1 \not\models F \perp \quad \text{True}$$

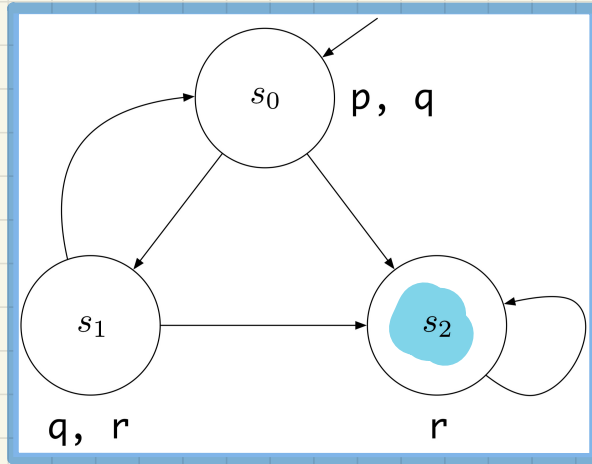
$$s_1 \not\models F \neg(p \wedge r) \quad \text{True}$$

$$s_1 \not\models F r \quad \text{True} \quad \text{sat. by } s_0 \text{ and } s_2$$

$$s_1 \not\models F (q \wedge r) \quad \text{True} \quad \text{sat. by } s_1$$

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to s_1 ?

Model Satisfaction: Exercises (5.1)



$s \models \phi \Leftrightarrow$ all π starting at s , $\pi \models \phi$

$S_2 \not\models \text{FG } r$ **True**

$S_2 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow \dots$
sat. $\neg r$

$S_2 \not\models \text{FG } (p \vee q)$ **False**

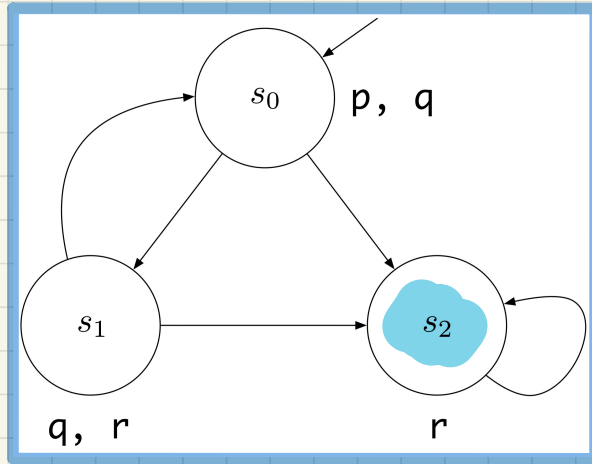
S_2 sat. $\neg p \wedge \neg q$

$S_2 \not\models \text{FG } (p \vee r)$ **True**

S_2 sat. $\neg r$

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to s_2 ?

Model Satisfaction: Exercises (5.2)



$$s \models \phi \Leftrightarrow \text{all } \pi \text{ starting at } s, \pi \models \phi$$

$$S_z \not\models \text{sat. by } S_z \boxed{F (\neg q \wedge r)} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{sat. by } S_z} \text{FG } r$$

True $T \Rightarrow T \equiv T$

Only one path to consider:

$$S_z \not\models \text{sat. by } S_z \boxed{F (\neg q \vee r)} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{sat. by } S_z} \text{FG } r$$

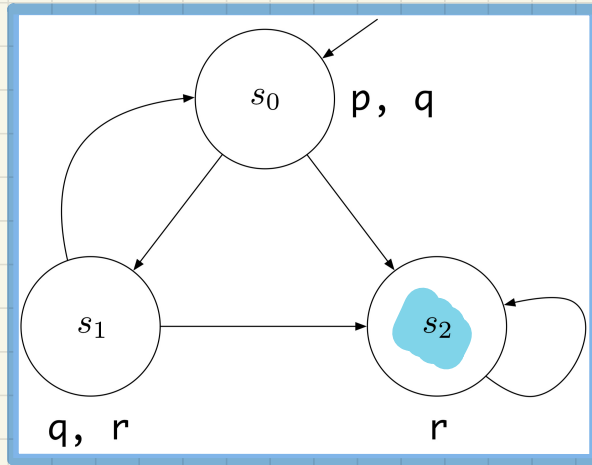
True $T \Rightarrow T \equiv T$

Only one path to consider:

$$S_z \rightarrow S_z \rightarrow \dots$$

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to s_2 ?

Model Satisfaction: Exercises (6.1)



$s \models \phi \Leftrightarrow$ all π starting at s , $\pi \models \phi$

$s_2 \not\models \mathbf{GF} p$ *False*

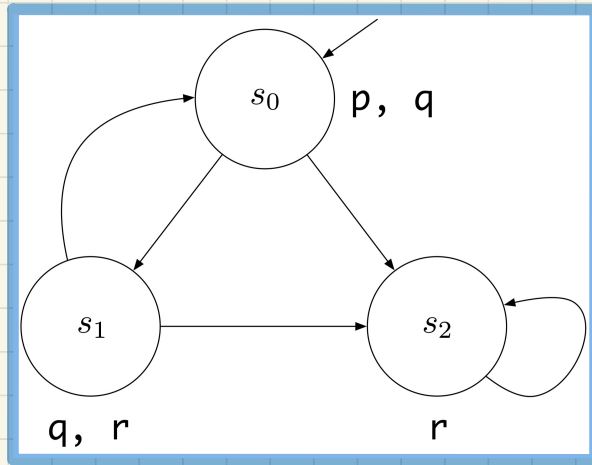
Witness: $\boxed{s_0} \rightarrow \boxed{s_0} \rightarrow \dots$
 $\neg p$ $\neg p$

$s_2 \not\models \mathbf{GF} (p \vee q)$ *False*

Witness: $\boxed{s_0} \rightarrow \boxed{s_0} \rightarrow \dots$
 $\neg p \wedge \neg q$ $\neg p \wedge \neg q$

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to s_2 ?

Model Satisfaction: Exercises (6.2)



$s \models \phi \Leftrightarrow$ all π starting at s , $\pi \models \phi$

$$s_2 \not\models \boxed{\text{GF } p} \Rightarrow \text{GF } r \quad \text{True}$$

false false $\Rightarrow$ $\equiv$ True

Only one path to consider: $s_2 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow \dots$

$$s_2 \not\models \boxed{\text{GF } r} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{GF } p} \quad \text{False}$$

True false True $\Rightarrow$ False $\equiv$ False

Witness: $s_2 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow s_2 \rightarrow \dots$

$\neg(\text{GF } p)$

Exercise: What if we change the LHS to s_2 ?