

Administrative Issues



EECS2101 X & Z:
Fundamentals of Data Structures
Winter 2025

CHEN-WEI WANG

- How may you call me?
“Jackie” (most preferred),
“Professor Jackie”, “Professor”, “Professor Wang”, “Sir”, “Hey”, “Hi”, “Hello”
- When you need **advice** on the course, speak to me!
- There will be a bonus opportunity for you to fill out an informal, anonymous **midterm course survey** during the reading week.
- Throughout the semester, feel free to suggest ways for helping your learning.

If You Are Not Enrolled Yet

- Send me an email ASAP requesting access to the course eClass site, with your *name*, *student number*, *Passport York ID*.
- Still keep up with the study materials.
- Still complete assignments and tests (*no extension*).

Class Protocol

- If you ever had to act as a presenter, you would just agree that any of the following exhibitions from the audience gives you unpleasant and disrespectful feelings.
 - Talking
I am easily distracted by noise (even when it's whispering).
It is then unfair to your fellow students who want to learn.
⇒ Only one person talking at a time in the room please.
 - Using your laptop to do tasks unrelated to the current lecture
⇒ I'd rather that you do it elsewhere.
 - Using mobile phones
⇒ Please keep it to a *minimum*!
- Slides are *self-contained*, so I may not just read them off.
- I will focus on explaining core concepts with examples.
- Your *engagement* is the key: ask *questions*!

Writing E-Mails to Your Instructor

- Think of me as your *colleague* who is happy to help you learn.
 - *formality* is unnecessary
 - *courtesy* is expected
- This sounds *very rude* (and may be delayed, if not ignored):

```
On the link you sent us for our mark  
my mark for lab0 did not appear on it  
and i submitted lab0 during my lab session
```

- This sounds *much nicer*:

```
Hello Jackie, the link you sent didn't work.  
I did submit my lab0. Could you please look into this?  
Thanks! Jim
```

- *in-person* communication may be the *most effective*
Slow/No responses to your email inquiries ⇒
Jackie is happy to help during office hours and/or appointments.

Course Information

- An eClass site for materials common to all Sec. M, N, X, Z:
 - *LE/EECS 2101 M, N, X & Z – Fundamentals of Data Structures (Winter 2024-2025)*
 - Announcements
 - Programming Assignments [instructions & solutions]
 - Regrading Requests for Programming Tests
- An eClass site for materials specific to both Sec. X & Z:
 - *LE/EECS 2101 X & Z – Fundamentals of Data Structures (Winter 2024-2025)*
 - Announcements
 - Written Tests [instructions & submissions]
 - Midterm Course Evaluation
- Please check your emails regularly!

Required Study Materials

- Lecture materials (recordings, iPad notes, slides, codes) will be posted for you to **re-iterate concepts and examples**:

https://www.eecs.yorku.ca/~jackie/teaching/lectures/index.html#EECS2101_W25

- The **course syllabus** is posted in the above lectures site.
- Though Jackie **attempts** to record each lecture entirely:
 - **Not meant to be a replacement for classes!**
 - The purpose of recording is that you can focus on reaching **maximum comprehension**.
 - **Ask questions!**
 - Take (even **incomplete**) notes: they help when re-visiting lectures.
 - Review points which you need to **re-iterate** from the recordings.
 - It'd be **your call** to use the posted **lecture recordings**:
 - either as a way to **review** details not understood for the first time;
 - or as an **excuse** to skip classes!

Course Syllabus

Let's go over the *course syllabus*.

Becoming a Software Engineer

- How a real **software engineer** works:
 - **Problems** are explained via the expected methods' **API** (i.e., I/O types) and some **use cases**, without visualization!
 - A set of **tests** must be **re-run automatically** upon changes. [**regression testing**]
 - Thinking **abstractly** without seeing changes on a physical device is an important skill to acquire before graduating.
- In 2011/2101, you think via **concrete** data structures.
- In 3342/4315, you think via **abstract** state machines.
e.g., Watch **interviews at Google**: Given problems described in English, solve it on a whiteboard.

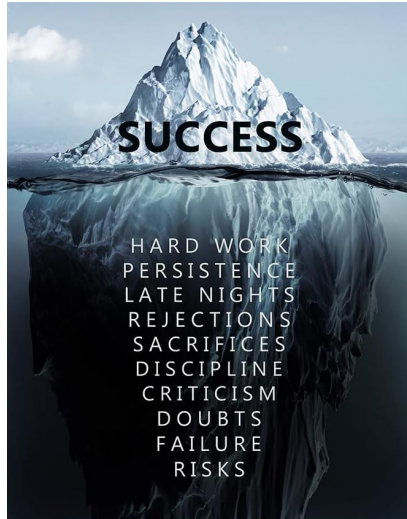
General Tips about Studying in a University

- To do well, *inspiration* is more important than *perspiration*.
- Hard work does not necessarily guarantee success, but no success is possible without *hard work*.

⇒

- Don't be satisfied by just attending classes and spending hours.
- Go *beyond* lectures
(e.g., look for more examples in other resources).
- Be *happy* about doing work not associated with marks ☺
- Make sure you work hard both on *mastering "ground stuffs"* and, more importantly, on *staying on top of what's being taught*.
- Always *reflect* yourself on *how things are connected*.
- Be *curious* about:
 - why things work the way they do
 - why not the alternatives work

General Tips about Success



Professional Engineers: Code of Ethics

- **Code of Ethics** is a basic guide for **professional conduct** and imposes duties on practitioners, with respect to **society**, **employers**, **clients**, **colleagues** (including employees and subordinates), the **engineering profession** and him or herself.
- It is the duty of a practitioner to act at all times with,
 1. **fairness** and **loyalty** to the practitioner's associates, employers, clients, subordinates and employees;
 2. **fidelity** (i.e., dedication, faithfulness) to public needs;
 3. devotion to **high ideals** of personal honour and professional integrity;
 4. **knowledge** of developments in the area of professional engineering relevant to any services that are undertaken; and
 5. **competence** in the performance of any professional engineering services that are undertaken.
- Consequence of misconduct?
 - **suspension** or **termination** of professional licenses
 - civil **law suits**

What is this course about?

- **Data Structure** [WHAT]
Systematic way of organizing and accessing data
e.g., arrays, linked-lists, stacks, queues, maps, trees, graphs, *etc.*
- **Algorithm** [HOW]
Step-by-step procedure, using the appropriate data structure(s),
for solving a computational problem
e.g., inserting, deleting, sorting, searching
- **Analysis** [HOW GOOD?]
Determining, mathematically, the correctness and efficiency of
algorithms

Example (1): A Searching Problem

Problem: How would you save the records of a megacity with **10 million residents**? Given a particular resident's social insurance number (ID), how **fast** can you locate his/her record?

```
ResidentRecord find(int sin) {  
    for(int i = 0; i < database.length; i++) {  
        if(database[i].sin == sin) {  
            return database[i];  
        }  
    }  
}
```

- How many times will you have to run the loop?

Best case?

[1]

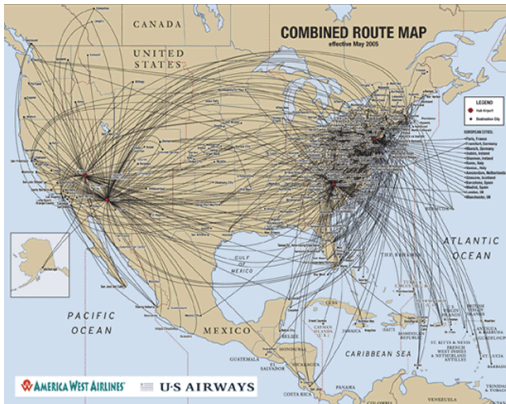
Worst case?

[10 million]

- You will learn about the appropriate data structure and algorithm to solve this problem (i.e., **searching**), in the **worst case**, within **24 iterations** of a loop!

Example (2a): Flight Routing

Problem: Given the point-to-point connections of several airline companies, how do you plan an *itinerary* of flying from one city (origin) to another (destination)?



Example (2b): Car Routing

Problem: Plan a driving route which takes the *minimum* amount of time to arrive.

Keele Campus (York University), 198 York

York University Glendon Campus

+

Add destination

Source and Destination

Route options

Close

Avoid

Distance units

☒ Highways

☒ Automatic

☐ Tolls

☐ miles

☐ Ferries

☐ km

 Send directions to your phone



via Wilson Heights Blvd

27 min

16.6 km

Details

Shortest Path



via Lawrence Ave W

27 min

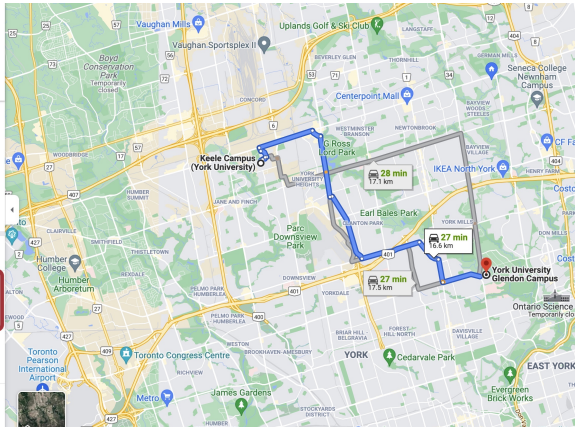
17.5 km



via Finch Ave W and Bayview Ave

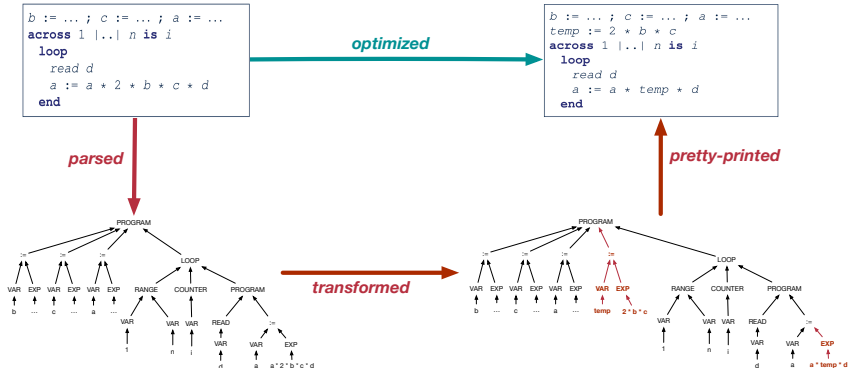
28 min

17.1 km



Example (3a): Program Optimization

Problem: Given a user-written program, *optimize* it for best runtime performance.



Example (3b): Program Translation

Problem: Given a user-written object-oriented program, *translate* it into SQL tables/queries for persistent storage in a relational database.

```
class Account {
  attributes
  owner: Traveller . account
  balance: int
}
```

```
class Traveller {
  attributes
  name: string
  regist: set[Hotel . registered][*]
}
```

```
class Hotel {
  attributes
  name: string
  registered: set[Traveller . regist][*]
  methods
  register {
    t?: extent[Traveller]
    & t? /: registered
    ==>
    registered := registered \/ (t?)
    || t?.regist := t?.regist \/ (this)
  }
}
```

translated

```
CREATE TABLE 'Account'({
  'oid' INTEGER AUTO_INCREMENT, 'balance' INTEGER,
  PRIMARY KEY ('oid')});
CREATE TABLE 'Traveller'({
  'oid' INTEGER AUTO_INCREMENT, 'name' CHAR(30),
  PRIMARY KEY ('oid')});
CREATE TABLE 'Hotel'({
  'oid' INTEGER AUTO_INCREMENT, 'name' CHAR(30),
  PRIMARY KEY ('oid')});
CREATE TABLE 'Account_owner_Traveller_account'({
  'oid' INTEGER AUTO_INCREMENT, 'owner' INTEGER, 'account' INTEGER,
  PRIMARY KEY ('oid')});
CREATE TABLE 'Traveller_reglist_Hotel_registered'({
  'oid' INTEGER AUTO_INCREMENT, 'reglist' INTEGER, 'registered' INTEGER,
  PRIMARY KEY ('oid')});
```

parsed

Abstract Syntax Tree of
Source Object-Oriented Program

transformed

pretty-printed

Abstract Syntax Tree of
Target Relational DB Queries

Index (1)

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Example (2a): Flight Routing

Example (2b): Car Routing

Example (3a): Program Optimization

Example (3b): Program Translation