Wrap-Up



EECS3311 A: Software Design Fall 2019

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What You Learned

- Design Principles:
 - Abstraction [contracts, architecture, math models]
 Think above the code level
 - Information Hiding
 - Single Choice Principle
 - Open-Closed Principle
 - Uniform Access Principle

• Design Patterns:

- Singleton
- Iterator
- State/Template
- Composite
- Visitor
- Observer
- Event-Driven Design
- Undo/Redo, Command
- Model-View-Controller







Why Java Interfaces Unacceptable ADTs (1)

Interface List<E>

Type Parameters:

E - the type of elements in this list

All Superinterfaces:

Collection<E>, Iterable<E>

All Known Implementing Classes:

```
AbstractList, AbstractSequentialList, ArrayList, AttributeList, CopyOnWriteArrayList, LinkedList, RoleList, RoleUnresolvedList, Stack, Vector
```

public interface List<E>
extends Collection<E>

An ordered collection (also known as a *sequence*). The user of this interface has precise control over where in the list each element is inserted. The user can access elements by their integer index (position in the list), and search for elements in the list.

It is useful to have:

- A *generic collection class* where the *homogeneous type* of elements are parameterized as E.
- A reasonably *intuitive overview* of the ADT.

Why Java Interfaces Unacceptable ADTs (2)

Methods described in a *natural language* can be *ambiguous*:

E	<pre>set(int index, E element) Replaces the element at the specified position in this list with the specified element (optional operation).</pre>		
set			
E set(int index, E element)			
Replaces the element at the specified position in this list with the specified element (optional operation).			
Parameters:			
index - index of the element to replace			
element - element to be stored at the specified position			
Returns:			
the element previously at the specified position			
Throws:			
UnsupportedOperationException - if the set operation is not supported by this list			
ClassCastException - if the class of the specified element prevents it from being added to this list			
NullPointerException - if the specified element is null and this list does not permit null elements			
IllegalArgumentException - if some property of the specified element prevents it from being added to this list			
IndexOutOfBoundsException - if the index is out of range (index < θ index >= size())			



Why Eiffel Contract Views are ADTs (1)

```
class interface ARRAYED CONTAINER
feature -- Commands
 assign at (i: INTEGER; s: STRING)
    -- Change the value at position 'i' to 's'.
   require
    valid index: 1 <= i and i <= count
   ensure
    size unchanged:
      imp.count = (old imp.twin).count
    item assigned:
      imp [i] ~ s
    others unchanged:
      across
      1 |... imp.count as j
     a11
       j.item /= i implies imp [j.item] ~ (old imp.twin) [j.item]
      end
 count: INTEGER
invariant
 consistency: imp.count = count
end -- class ARRAYED CONTAINER
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```

Why Eiffel Contract Views are ADTs (2)



Even better, the direct correspondence from Eiffel operators to logic allow us to present a *precise behavioural* view.



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Beyond this course... (1)



- How do I program in a language not supporting <u>DbC</u> natively?
 - Document your contracts (e.g., JavaDoc)
 - But, it's critical to ensure (manually) that contracts are *in sync* with your latest implementations.
 - Incorporate contracts into your Unit and Regression tests
- How do I program in a language without a *math library*?
 - Again, before diving into coding, always start by thinking above the code level.
 - Plan ahead how you intend for your system to behaviour at runtime, in terms of interactions among mathematical objects.
 - Use *efficient* data structures to support the math operations.
 - SEQ refined to ARRAY or LINKED_LIST
 - FUN refined to HASH_TABLE
 - REL refined to a graph
 - Document your code with *contracts* specified in terms of the math models.

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Beyond this course... (2)



Software Fundamentals Collected Papers by David L. Parnas

Edited by Daniel M. Hoffman and David M. Weiss Foreword by Jon Bentley



van Schouwen • Wadge • Waldo • Weiss

- Software fundamentals: collected papers by David L. Parnas
- Design Techniques:
 - Tabular Expressions
 - Information Hiding



- I hope you learned something from this course.
- · Feel free to get in touch and let me know how you're doing :D
- Exam Review Sessions:

3pm to 5pm	Monday	December 9
1pm to 3pm	Wednesday	December 11
3pm to 5pm	Thursday	December 12



Compliments or Complaints on my teaching?

http://courseevaluations.yorku.ca/



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What You Learned

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Why Java Interfaces Unacceptable ADTs (2)

Why Eiffel Contract Views are ADTs (1)

Why Eiffel Contract Views are ADTs (2)

Beyond this course... (1)

Beyond this course... (2)

Wish You All the Best

Course Evaluation

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