```
1 Person p1 = new Person("Heeyeon");
```

- 2 Person p2 = new Person("Jiyoon");
- 3 System.out.println(p1 != p2);

What happens when executing the above Java code?

- A. The above Java code does not compile.
- B. A NullPointerException occurs.
- C. An ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException occurs.
- D. One line output to the console:

true

E. One line output to the console:

false

- F. None of the above.
- 2. Assume that a **Person** class is already defined, and it has an attribute **name** and a constructor that initializes the person's name from the input string. Consider the following fragment of Java code (inside some **main** method):

```
1 Person p1 = new Person("Heeyeon");
```

```
2 Person p2 = new Person("Jiyoon");
```

```
3 Person[] persons = new Person[2];
```

```
4 System.out.println(persons[persons.length()] != null);
```

What happens when executing the above Java code?

- A. The above Java code does not compile.
- B. A NullPointerException occurs.
- $C. \ An \ {\tt ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException} \ occurs.$
- D. One line output to the console:

true

E. One line output to the console:

false

F. None of the above.

```
1 Person p1 = new Person("Heeyeon");
```

```
2 Person p2 = new Person("Jiyoon");
```

```
3 Person[] persons = new Person[2];
```

```
4 System.out.println(persons[persons.length] != null);
```

What happens when executing the above Java code?

- A. The above Java code does not compile.
- B. A NullPointerException occurs.
- C. An ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException occurs.
- D. One line output to the console:

true

E. One line output to the console:



- F. None of the above.
- 4. Assume that a **Person** class is already defined, and it has an attribute **name** and a constructor that initializes the person's name from the input string. Consider the following fragment of Java code (inside some **main** method):

```
1 Person p1 = new Person("Heeyeon");
2 Person p2 = new Person("Jiyoon");
3 Person[] persons = new Person[2];
4 System.out.println(persons[persons.length - 1] != null);
```

What happens when executing the above Java code?

- A. The above Java code does not compile.
- B. A NullPointerException occurs.
- C. An ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException occurs.
- D. One line output to the console:

true

E. One line output to the console:

false

F. None of the above.

```
1 Person p1 = new Person("Heeyeon");
```

```
2 Person p2 = new Person("Jiyoon");
```

```
3 Person[] persons = new Person[2];
```

```
4 System.out.println(persons[persons.length - 1].name.equals("Jiyoon"));
```

What happens when executing the above Java code?

- A. The above Java code does not compile.
- B. A NullPointerException occurs.
- C. An ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException occurs.
- D. One line output to the console:

true

E. One line output to the console:



- F. None of the above.
- 6. Assume that a **Person** class is already defined, and it has an attribute **name** and a constructor that initializes the person's name from the input string. Consider the following fragment of Java code (inside some **main** method):

```
1 Person p1 = new Person("Heeyeon");
2 Person p2 = new Person("Jiyoon");
3 Person[] persons = {p1, p2};
4 p1 = p2;
5 System.out.println(persons[0] == p1);
```

What happens when executing the above Java code?

- A. The above Java code does not compile.
- B. A NullPointerException occurs.
- C. An <code>ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException</code> occurs.
- D. One line output to the console:

true

E. One line output to the console:

false

F. None of the above.

```
1 Person p1 = new Person("Heeyeon");
2 Person p2 = new Person("Jiyoon");
3 Person[] persons = {p1, p2};
4 p1 = p2;
5 persons[0] = p2;
6 System.out.println(persons[0] == p1);
```

What happens when executing the above Java code?

- A. The above Java code does not compile.
- B. A NullPointerException occurs.
- C. An ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException occurs.
- D. One line output to the console:

true

E. One line output to the console:

false

- F. None of the above.
- 8. Assume that a **Person** class is already defined, and it has an attribute **name**, a constructor that initializes the person's name from the input string, and a mutator method **setName** that changes the person's name from the input string. Consider the following fragment of Java code (inside some **main** method):

```
1 Person p1 = new Person("Heeyeon");
2 Person p2 = new Person("Jiyoon");
3 Person[] persons = {p1, p2};
4 p1 = persons[1];
5 persons[0] = p2;
6 p2.setName("Jihye");
7 System.out.println(p1.name);
```

What happens when executing the above Java code?

- A. The above Java code does not compile.
- B. A NullPointerException occurs.
- C. An ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException occurs.
- D. One line output to the console:

Heeyeon

E. One line output to the console:

Jiyoon

F. One line output to the console:

Jihye

G. None of the above.

9. Consider the following fragment of Java code:

```
int[][] sa = {
              \{1, 8, 9\},\
              \{2, 6, 7, 23\},\
              \{3, 2, 5, 2, 1\}
};
int sumOfRow = 0;
for(int r = 0; r < sa.length; r ++) {
      int maxSum = 0;
      int rowWithMaxSum = 0;
      for(int c = 0; c < sa.length; c ++) {
              sumOfRow += sa[r][c];
              if(sumOfRow > maxSum) {
                     rowWithMaxSum = r;
                     maxSum = sumOfRow;
              }
      }
       System.out.println("Sum of row " + r + ": " + sumOfRow);
       System.out.println("Row with max sum: " + rowWithMaxSum);
       System.out.println("Max sum: " + maxSum);
}
```

Write down the precise output to the console from the above program.

of 10 marks]

[

10. Given an 2-dimensional integer array whose name is a

int[][] a = ... /\* initialized with some values \*/

Write, in valid Java syntax, a fragment of Java code that calculates and outputs: 1) the product of sums of a's rows; and 2) the sum of products of a's rows. For example, if a is

{ {1, 2, 3}, /\* sum of row 0 is 6, product of row 0 is 6 \*/
 {4, 5}, /\* sum of row 1 is 9, product of row 1 is 20 \*/
 {6} /\* sum of row 2 is 6, product of row 2 is 6 \*/
}

Then the your program should output:

Product of sums is 324 Sum of products is 32