Writing Complete Contracts



EECS3311: Software Design Fall 2017

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How are contracts checked at runtime?

- All contracts are specified as Boolean expressions.
- Right **before** a feature call (e.g., | acc.withdraw(10)):
 - The current state of acc is called its pre-state.
 - Evaluate *pre-condition* using *current values* of attributes/queries.
 - Cache values of all expressions involving the **old** keyword in the post-condition.

e.g., cache the value of old balance via old_balance = balance

- Right after the feature call:
 - The current state of acc is called its post-state.
 - Evaluate invariant using current values of attributes and queries.
 - Evaluate post-condition using both current values and "cached" values of attributes and queries.

When are contracts complete?



- In *post-condition*, for *each attribute*, specify the relationship between its *pre-state* value and its *post-state* value.
 - Eiffel supports this purpose using the old keyword.
- This is tricky for attributes whose structures are composite rather than simple:
 - e.g., ARRAY, LINKED_LIST are composite-structured. e.g., INTEGER, BOOLEAN are simple-structured.
- Rule of thumb: For an attribute whose structure is composite. we should specify that after the update:
 - 1. The intended change is present; and
- 2. The rest of the structure is unchanged.
- The second contract is much harder to specify:
 - Reference aliasing
 - Iterable structure

[ref copy vs. shallow copy vs. deep copy]

[USE across]

Account

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```
class
 ACCOUNT
inherit
 ANY
  redefine is equal end
create
 make
feature
 owner: STRING
 balance: INTEGER
 make (n: STRING)
    owner := n
    balance := 0
```

```
deposit(a: INTEGER)
  do
    balance := balance + a
    balance = old balance + a
 is_equal(other: ACCOUNT): BOOLEAN
  do
    Result :=
        owner ~ other.owner
      and balance = other.balance
  end
end
```

Bank



```
class BANK
create make
feature
 accounts: ARRAY [ACCOUNT]
 make do create accounts.make_empty end
 account_of (n: STRING): ACCOUNT
  require
    existing: across accounts as acc some acc.item.owner ~ n end
  ensure Result.owner ~ n
  end
 add (n: STRING)
  require
    non_existing:
      across accounts as acc all acc.item.owner /~ n end
  local new_account: ACCOUNT
    create new_account.make (n)
    accounts.force (new account, accounts.upper + 1)
end
```

Roadmap of Illustrations



We examine 5 different versions of a command

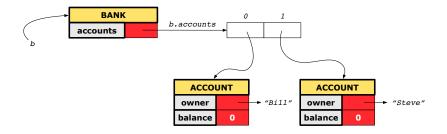
deposit_on (n: STRING; a: INTEGER)

VERSION	IMPLEMENTATION	Contracts	SATISFACTORY?
1	Correct	Incomplete	No
2	Wrong	Incomplete	No
3	Wrong	Complete (reference copy)	No
4	Wrong	Complete (shallow copy)	No
5	Wrong	Complete (deep copy)	Yes

Object Structure for Illustration

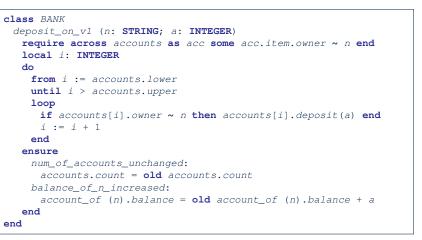


We will test each version by starting with the same runtime object structure:



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Version 1: LASSO Incomplete Contracts, Correct Implementation



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Test of Version 1



```
class TEST BANK
 test_bank_deposit_correct_imp_incomplete_contract: BOOLEAN
  local
   b: BANK
    comment("t1: correct imp and incomplete contract")
    create b.make
   b.add ("Bill")
   b.add ("Steve")
    -- deposit 100 dollars to Steve's account
   b.deposit_on_v1 ("Steve", 100)
    Result :=
        b.account_of ("Bill").balance = 0
     and b.account_of ("Steve").balance = 100
    check Result end
 end
end
```

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Test of Version 1: Result



APPLICATION

Note: * indicates a violation test case

		PASSED (1 out of 1)
Case Type	Passed	Total
Violation	0	0
Boolean	1	1
All Cases	1	1
State	Contract Violation	Test Name
Test1		TEST_BANK
PASSED	NONE	t1: test deposit_on with correct imp and incomplete contract

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Version 2: Incomplete Contracts, Wrong Implementation

```
class BANK
  deposit_on_v2 (n: STRING; a: INTEGER)
    require across accounts as acc some acc.item.owner ~ n end
    local i: INTEGER
    do
        -- same loop as in version 1

        -- wrong implementation: also deposit in the first account
        accounts[accounts.lower].deposit(a)
        ensure
        num_of_accounts_unchanged:
            accounts.count = old accounts.count
        balance_of_n_increased:
            account_of (n).balance = old account_of (n).balance + a
        end
end
```

Current postconditions lack a check that accounts other than n are unchanged.

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Test of Version 2



```
class TEST BANK
test_bank_deposit_wrong_imp_incomplete_contract: BOOLEAN
local
  b: BANK
  comment("t2: wrong imp and incomplete contract")
  create b.make
  b.add ("Bill")
  b.add ("Steve")
  -- deposit 100 dollars to Steve's account
  b.deposit_on_v2 ("Steve", 100)
  Result :=
       b.account_of ("Bill").balance = 0
    and b.account_of ("Steve").balance = 100
  check Result end
 end
end
```

Test of Version 2: Result



APPLICATION

Note: * indicates a violation test case

	FAILE) (1 failed & 1 passed out of 2)
Case Type	Passed	Total
Violation	0	0
Boolean	1	2
All Cases	1	2
State	Contract Violation	Test Name
Test1		TEST_BANK
PASSED	NONE	t1: test deposit_on with correct imp and incomplete contract
FAILED	Check assertion violated.	t2: test deposit_on with wrong imp but incomplete contract

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Version 3: Complete Contracts with Reference Copy

```
class BANK
 deposit_on_v3 (n: STRING; a: INTEGER)
  require across accounts as acc some acc.item.owner ~ n end
  local i: INTEGER
    -- same loop as in version 1
    -- wrong implementation: also deposit in the first account
   accounts[accounts.lower].deposit(a)
  ensure
    num_of_accounts_unchanged: accounts.count = old accounts.count
    balance_of_n_increased:
     account_of(n).balance = old account_of(n).balance + a
    others_unchanged:
     across old accounts as cursor
     all cursor.item.owner /~ n implies
          cursor.item ~ account_of (cursor.item.owner)
     end
  end
end
```

Test of Version 3



```
class TEST_BANK
 test_bank_deposit_wrong_imp_complete_contract_ref_copy: BOOLEAN
  local
    b: BANK
  do
    comment("t3: wrong imp and complete contract with ref copy")
    create b.make
    b.add ("Bill")
    b.add ("Steve")
    -- deposit 100 dollars to Steve's account
    b.deposit_on_v3 ("Steve", 100)
    Result :=
        b.account_of ("Bill").balance = 0
     and b.account_of ("Steve").balance = 100
    check Result end
  end
end
```

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Test of Version 3: Result



APPLICATION

Note: * indicates a violation test case

		FAILED (2 failed & 1 passed out of 3)	
Case Type	Passed	Total	
Violation	0	0	
Boolean	1	1 3	
All Cases	1	3	
State	Contract Violation	Test Name	
Test1	TEST_BANK		
PASSED	NONE	t1: test deposit_on with correct imp and incomplete contract	
FAILED	Check assertion violated.	t2: test deposit_on with wrong imp but incomplete contract	
FAILED	Check assertion violated.	t3: test deposit_on with wrong imp, complete contract with reference copy	



Version 4: Complete Contracts with Shallow Object Copy

```
class BANK
 deposit_on_v4 (n: STRING; a: INTEGER)
  require across accounts as acc some acc.item.owner ~ n end
  local i: INTEGER
    -- same loop as in version 1
    -- wrong implementation: also deposit in the first account
   accounts[accounts.lower].deposit(a)
   num_of_accounts_unchanged: accounts.count = old accounts.count
    balance_of_n_increased:
     account_of (n).balance = old account_of (n).balance + a
    others_unchanged:
     across old accounts.twin as cursor
     all cursor.item.owner /~ n implies
          cursor.item ~ account_of (cursor.item.owner)
    end
  end
end
```

Test of Version 4



```
class TEST BANK
 test_bank_deposit_wrong_imp_complete_contract_shallow_copy: BOOLEAN
  local
    b: BANK
    comment ("t4: wrong imp and complete contract with shallow copy")
    create b.make
   b.add ("Bill")
   b.add ("Steve")
    -- deposit 100 dollars to Steve's account
   b.deposit_on_v4 ("Steve", 100)
    Result :=
        b.account_of ("Bill").balance = 0
     and b.account_of ("Steve").balance = 100
    check Result end
  end
end
```

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Test of Version 4: Result



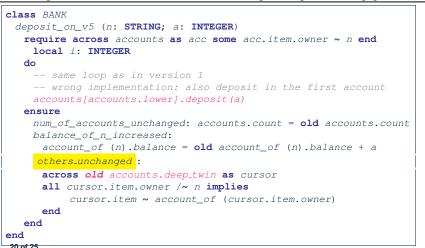
APPLICATION

Note: * indicates a violation test case

		FAILED (3 failed & 1 passed out of 4)
Case Type	pe Passed Total	
Violation	on 0 0	
Boolean	n 1 4	
All Cases	es 1 4	
State	Contract Violation Test Name	
Test1		TEST_BANK
PASSED	NONE	t1: test deposit_on with correct imp and incomplete contract
FAILED	Check assertion violated.	t2: test deposit_on with wrong imp but incomplete contract
FAILED	Check assertion violated.	t3: test deposit_on with wrong imp, complete contract with reference copy
FAILED	Check assertion violated.	t4: test deposit_on with wrong imp, complete contract with shallow object copy

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Version 5: Complete Contracts with Deep Object Copy



Test of Version 5



```
class TEST_BANK
 test_bank_deposit_wrong_imp_complete_contract_deep_copy: BOOLEAN
  local
    b: BANK
  do
    comment ("t5: wrong imp and complete contract with deep copy")
    create b.make
    b.add ("Bill")
    b.add ("Steve")
    -- deposit 100 dollars to Steve's account
    b.deposit_on_v5 ("Steve", 100)
    Result :=
        b.account_of ("Bill").balance = 0
     and b.account_of ("Steve").balance = 100
    check Result end
  end
end
```

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Test of Version 5: Result



APPLICATION

Note: * indicates a violation test case

		FAILED (4 failed & 1 passed out of 5)
Case Type	Passed	Total
Violation	0	0
Boolean	1	5
All Cases	1	5
State	Contract Violation	Test Name
Test1		TEST_BANK
PASSED	NONE	t1: test deposit_on with correct imp and incomplete contract
FAILED	Check assertion violated.	t2: test deposit_on with wrong imp but incomplete contract
FAILED	Check assertion violated.	t3: test deposit_on with wrong imp, complete contract with reference copy
FAILED	Check assertion violated.	t4: test deposit_on with wrong imp, complete contract with shallow object copy
FAILED	Postcondition violated.	t5: test deposit_on with wrong imp, complete contract with deep object copy

Exercise



- Consider the query account_of (n: STRING) of BANK.
- How do we specify (part of) its postcondition to assert that the state of the bank remains unchanged:

Г	
0	accounts = old accounts
0	accounts = old accounts.twin
0	accounts = old accounts.deep_twi
0	accounts ~ old accounts
0	accounts ~ old accounts.twin
0	accounts ~ old accounts.deep_twi

- Which equality of the above is appropriate for the postcondition?
- Why is each one of the other equalities not appropriate?

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How are contracts checked at runtime?

When are contracts complete?

Account

Bank

Roadmap of Illustrations

Object Structure for Illustration

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Incomplete Contracts, Correct Implementation

Test of Version 1

Test of Version 1: Result

Version 2:

Incomplete Contracts, Wrong Implementation

Test of Version 2

Test of Version 2: Result

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Complete Contracts with Reference Copy

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Version 4:

Complete Contracts with Shallow Object Copy

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Test of Version 4: Result

Version 5:

Complete Contracts with Deep Object Copy

Test of Version 5

Test of Version 5: Result

Exercise