EECS 2001

## Homework Assignment #4Due: October 6, 2023 at 7:00 p.m.

For full marks, your answers should be as simple as possible.

- 1. Consider the alphabet  $\begin{cases} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{cases}$ . We shall use strings in this alphabet to describe two integers: one using the top row of bits and one using the bottom row. Each integer is represented in binary. For example, to represent the two integers 13 and 7 (whose binary representations are 1101 and 111), we would use the string  $\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$ : the top row is 1101, and the bottom row is 111 (the extra 0 at the beginning of the bottom row is just padding to make the two rows the same length).
- [3] (a) Let LESS be the language of all strings where the integer represented in the top row is less than the integer represented by the bottom row. For example, the string

  1
  1
  0
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
  1
- [3] (b) Let *PLUS1* be the language of all strings where the integer represented in the top row plus one is equal to the integer represented in the bottom row. For example, the string 1 0 1 1 1 0 is in *PLUS1* because the top row represents the integer 5 and the bottom row represents the integer 6 and 5 + 1 = 6. Give a regular expression for the language *PLUS1*. Briefly explain how you came up with your answer.
- 2. For this question, the alphabet is {a, b}. Consider the regular expression

 $R = (\texttt{aa*bb*aa*} \cup \texttt{bb*aa*bb*})(\texttt{a} \cup \texttt{b})^*.$ 

- [1] (a) List four strings generated by R.
- [1] (b) List four strings *not* generated by R.
- [2] (c) *R* describes the set of all strings that have both of the strings \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ as substrings. Fill in the blanks and briefly explain why your answer is correct.

Optional programming exercise (just for fun; do not hand in): Write a java programme that reads a description of a finite automaton (in the same format as described in assignment #2), and outputs some string that is accepted by the automaton. If no such string exists, your programme should output "NO STRING ACCEPTED".