

**Computer Science and Engineering 4422.03**

**Final**

Dec. 12 2016

**Answer all questions in the space provided**

Student Last Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student Given Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student Id. No: \_\_\_\_\_

Question	Value	Score
1	50	
2	50	
3	30	
4	45	
Total	130	

**Question 1.** [50 points]

Consider the point matching problem again. This time the model is slightly different:

$$\vec{\Delta I} = \vec{n} + \vec{I} f$$

where  $\vec{\Delta I} = \vec{I}_2 \vec{I}_1$  is the difference of the two patches,  $\vec{n}$  is an iid noise vector (like before where the variance covariance matrix is  $\sigma_n^2 \mathbf{1}$ ),  $\vec{I}$  is the sum of the two patches  $\vec{I}_2 + \vec{I}_1$  and  $f$  is a random variable with variance  $\sigma_f^2$ .

Show the minimizing the Mahalanobis distance

$$\vec{\Delta I}^T C_{\Delta I}^{-1} \vec{\Delta I}$$

where

$$C_{\Delta I} = \mathbf{E} \left\{ \vec{\Delta I} \vec{\Delta I}^T \right\}$$

happens when

$$\mu_{12} = \vec{I}_1 \cdot \vec{I}_2$$

is maximized when  $\sigma_f^2$  goes to infinity.

**Question 2.**

[50 points]

Consider the polynomial fitting to an 1-D image  $I$ . Start by fitting a quadratic on points  $I[i-1]$ ,  $I[i]$  and  $I[i+1]$ . One can find the derivative on position  $i$  by taking the derivative of the polynomial. Do it symbolically, simplify the expression show it is a convolution and find the convolution kernel. Do the same by fitting a fourth degree polynomial on points  $I[i-2]$  ...  $I[i+2]$ .