# EECS 2001A : Introduction to the Theory of Computation 

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Course page: http://www.eecs.yorku.ca/course/2001
Also on Moodle

## Simpler CFG's: Chomsky Normal Form

A CFG $G=(V, \Sigma, R, S)$ is in "Chomsky normal form" if every rule is of the form

- $A \rightarrow B C, A, B, C \in V$, or
- $A \rightarrow x$, with variables $A \in V$ and $B, C \in V \backslash\{S\}$, and $x \in \Sigma$ Note: this implies that the start variable cannot be on the right side of a rule
- For the start variable $S$ we also allow the rule $S \rightarrow \epsilon$
- Obvious fact: All regular languages are also context free languages
Advantage: Grammars in this form are far easier to analyze


## Converting a CFG to Chomsky Normal Form

Outline of Proof:

- We rewrite every CFG in Chomsky normal form
- We do this by replacing, one-by-one, every rule that is not 'Chomsky'
- We have to take care of:
- Starting Symbol
- $\epsilon$ symbol,
- all other violating rules.


## Converting a CFG to CNF - details

Given a context-free grammar $G=(V, \Sigma, R, S)$, rewrite it to Chomsky Normal Form by

- New start symbol $S_{0}$ (and add rule $S_{0} \rightarrow S$ )
- Remove $A \rightarrow \epsilon$ rules (from the tail): before: $B \rightarrow x A y$ and $A \rightarrow \epsilon$, after: $B \rightarrow x A y \mid x y$
- Remove unit rules $A \rightarrow B$ (by the head): before: $A \rightarrow B$ and $B \rightarrow x C y$ after: $A \rightarrow x C y$ and $B \rightarrow x C y$
- Shorten all rules to two:
before: $A \rightarrow B_{1} B_{2} \ldots B_{k}$, after: $A \rightarrow B_{1} A_{1}, A_{1} \rightarrow B_{2} A_{2}, \ldots$, $A_{k-2} \rightarrow B_{k-1} B_{k}$
- Replace ill-placed terminals a by $T_{a}$ with $T_{a} \rightarrow a$


## Converting a CFG to CNF - points to note

- Do not re-introduce rules removed earlier
- Example: $A \rightarrow A$ simply disappears
- When removing $A \rightarrow \epsilon$ rules, insert all new replacements: $B \rightarrow A a A$ becomes $B \rightarrow A a A|a A| A a \mid a$


## Converting a CFG to CNF - Example

Initial CFG:

$$
S \rightarrow a S b \mid \epsilon
$$

CNF:

- $S_{0} \rightarrow \epsilon\left|T_{a} T_{b}\right| T_{a} X$
- $X \rightarrow S T_{b}$
- $S \rightarrow T_{a} T_{b} \mid T_{a} X$
- $T_{a} \rightarrow a$
- $T_{b} \rightarrow b$

