

EECS 3101: DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Tutorial 3

1. Prove that the following algorithm that computes the n^{th} Fibonacci number is correct.

```
FIB( $n$ )
1  if  $n = 0$ 
2    then return 0
3    else  $last \leftarrow 0$ 
4           $current \leftarrow 1$ 
5          for  $j \leftarrow 2$  to  $n$ 
6            do  $temp \leftarrow last + current$ 
7               $last \leftarrow current$ 
8               $current \leftarrow temp$ 
9  return  $current$ 
```

2. Prove that the following algorithm for exponentiation is correct.

```
POWER( $y, z$ )
1  // return  $y^z$  where  $y \in R, z \in N$ 
2   $x \leftarrow 1$ 
3  while  $z > 0$ 
4    do if  $odd(z)$ 
5      then  $x \leftarrow x * y$ 
6       $z \leftarrow \lfloor z/2 \rfloor$ 
7       $y \leftarrow y^2$ 
8  return  $x$ 
```

3. For the following segment of code, find the value returned by $T(n)$.

```
T( $n$ )
1  if  $n == 1$ 
2    then return 1
3    else  $sum = 0$ ;
4          for  $i = 1$  to  $n - 1$ 
5            do  $sum = sum + T(i) + T(n - i)$ 
6          return ( $sum + 2n$ )
```

4. Suppose $T(n)$ is a constant for $n \leq 2$. Solve for $T(n)$ asymptotically and justify your answer.

$$T(n) = 7T(n/3) + n^2.$$

5. Solve the following recurrence assuming that $T(n)$ is constant for sufficiently small n . Justify your answer.

$$T(n) = T(n - 2) + 2 \lg n.$$