# Coding Style and Documentation Guidelines

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#### **Naming Convention**

- Constants should use all uppercase letters, with an underscore between words
  - E.g., MAX\_INT, UPPER\_LIMIT
- Variables, methods, and packages should use lowercase letters (use uppercase letters to start second and subsequent words)
  - E.g., length, indexOf, getName, type
- Classes should capitalize the first letter of each word
  - E.g., String, Integer, StringBuffer, TreeMap

#### Statement Layout

- Write only one statement per line
- Wrap lines longer than 80 characters
- Leave exactly one space around operators
  - E.g., x = a + 5;
- Indent each block one tab (approx. 4 spaces) relative to its braces

#### Braces

- Always use braces in control structures, even if the block contains only one line
- Vertically align corresponding opening and closing braces

## Magic Numbers

- Avoid the use of hard-coded numeric literals (a.k.a., "Magic Numbers")
- Exceptions:
  - Declaring a constant in a "final" statement
  - Using the literal zero, +/- one, or +/- two

### Full Style Guide with Examples

www.eecs.yorku.ca/teaching/docs/type/style.pdf

#### Documentation

- Using in-code comments as documentation has the following benefits:
  - Easier (more concise) to read than code
  - Moves with the code
    - Easier to reference
    - Easier to maintain (update/correct)
  - Can explain design choices, rejected techniques, reasons for code modifications

#### Layouts

Single-Line Comments

```
// This is a single-line comment.
```

Multi-Line Comments

```
/* This comment can persist
  over multiple lines as needed. */
```

#### JavaDoc Example

```
/ * *
 * This function takes as its argument an integer C,
 * and returns the smallest integer that is a factor
 * of C, other than 1.
 *
  @param C An integer to factor.
 * @pre. C must be greater than 0.
 * @return The smallest factor of C.
 * /
public int smallestFactor(int C)
```

### JavaDoc Example (2)

#### smallestFactor

public static int smallestFactor(int C)

This function takes as its argument an integer C, and it returns the smallest integer that is a factor of C, other than 1.

#### Parameters:

C - An integer to factor.

#### Returns:

The smallest factor of C.

#### Precondition:

C must be greater than 0.

### JavaDoc Template for 1030

```
/**
  Description about the method
 *
  @param paramName ParamDescription
  @pre. PreconditionDescription
  @return ReturnDescription
 * /
public rtnType methodName(paramType paramName)
```

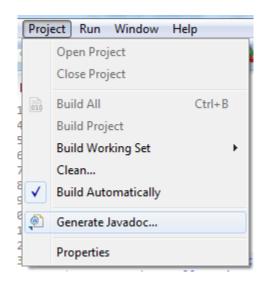
### Generating JavaDoc (Terminal)

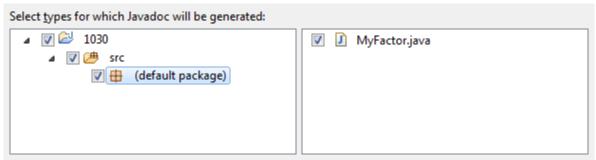
Navigate to the src directory containing your .java files and enter the following command:

```
javadoc -d ../doc -tag pre.:a: "Precondition: " *.java
```

## Generating JavaDoc (Eclipse)

- Project > Generate JavaDoc
- Select your class (e.g., MyFactor.java)
- Click "Next" twice





# Generating JavaDoc (Eclipse) (2)

Enter the JavaDoc options for the custom "pre" tag:

Extra Javadoc options (path names with white spaces must be enclosed in quotes):

-tag pre.:a: "Precondition: "

- Click "Finish"
- Open the html page (MyFactor.html) in the newly created doc directory