## MATH/EECS 1028: DISCRETE MATH FOR ENGINEERS WINTER 2015 Tutorial 2 (Week of Jan 19, 2015)

## Notes:

- 1. Assume  $\mathbb{R}$  to denote the real numbers,  $\mathbb{Z}$  to denote the set of integers  $(\ldots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \ldots)$  and  $\mathbb{N}$  to denote the natural numbers  $(1, 2, 3, \ldots)$ .
- 2. Topics: Number systems, sets, set operations, functions.
- 3. Note to the TA: Attendance will be taken each week. There is a short quiz this week containing a couple of questions that are very similar to the ones done last week.

## Questions:

- 1. Can you conclude that A = B if A, B, C are sets such that
  - (a)  $A \cap C = B \cap C$ ?
  - (b)  $A \cup C = B \cup C$  and  $A \cap C = B \cap C$ ?
- 2. Let  $A_i = \{\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, \dots, i\}$ . Find
  - (a)  $\cup_{i=1}^n A_i$ ?
  - (b)  $\cap_{i=1}^n A_i$ ?
- 3. Find  $\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i$  and  $\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i$  if  $i \in \mathbb{N}$  and
  - (a)  $A_i = \{x | x \in \mathbb{N}, x \ge i\}$
  - (b)  $A_i = \{x | x \in \mathbb{R}, x > i\}$
- 4. The successor of the set A is the set  $A \cup \{A\}$ . Find the successor of the sets
  - (a) ∅
  - (b)  $\{\emptyset\}$
  - (c)  $\emptyset \in \{\emptyset\}$
  - (d)  $\{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}$
- 5. Show that if A, B are sets then  $\overline{A \cup B} = \overline{A} \cap \overline{B}$ , by showing that each side is a subset of the other side.
- 6. Determine whether f is a function from  $\mathbb{Z}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$  if
  - (a)  $f(n) = \sqrt{n^2 + 1}$ ?
  - (b)  $f(n) = \frac{1}{n^2 4}$ ?
- 7. Determine whether  $f : \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}$  is onto (surjective) if

- (a) f(m,n) = m + n + 1?
- (b) f(m,n) = |m| |n|?
- (c)  $f(m,n) = m^2 4?$
- 8. Determine whether each of these functions is a bijection from  $\mathbb{R}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$ 
  - (a)  $f(x) = -3x^2 + 7$

(b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x+2}$$
.

9. Let f(x) = 2x where the domain of f is  $\mathbb{R}$ . What is

- (a)  $f(\mathbb{Z})$ ?
- (b)  $f(\mathbb{N})$ ?
- (c)  $f(\mathbb{R})$ ?
- 10. Suppose that f is an invertible function from Y to Z and g is an invertible function from X to Y. Show that the inverse of the composition  $f \circ g$  is given by  $(f \circ g)^{-1} = g^{-1} \circ f^{-1}$ .
- 11. Find  $g^{-1}(3)$  given  $g(x) = \frac{3x+1}{2x+g(x)}$ .
- 12. Let f be the function  $f(x) = ax^2 \sqrt{2}$  for some positive real number a. If  $f(f(\sqrt{2})) = -\sqrt{2}$  what is a?
- 13. Let  $x = 2^{\log_b 3}$  and  $y = 3^{\log_b 2}$ . Find x y.
- 14. If  $\frac{\log_b a}{\log_c a} = \frac{19}{99}$  and  $\frac{b}{c} = c^k$ , compute k.
- 15. Try this for practice: Let f be a function from A to B. Let S, T be subsets of B. Show that  $f^{-1}(S \cap T) = f^{-1}(S) \cap f^{-1}(T)$ .