

**Homework Assignment #7****Due: Thursday, November 6, 2014 at 4:00 p.m.**

1. If  $M$  is a Turing machine with input alphabet  $\Sigma$  and  $x \in \Sigma^*$  is an input string, let  $time(M, x)$  be the number of steps that  $M$  takes on input string  $x$  before halting. (If  $M$  never halts on input  $x$ , then we define  $time(M, x) = \infty$ .) The *worst-case running time* of  $M$  on inputs of length  $n$  is the maximum number of steps  $M$  takes on any input of length  $n$ . More formally,  $worst_M(n) = \max\{time(M, x) : x \in \Sigma^* \text{ and } |x| = n\}$ .

Recall that the textbook provides a high-level description of a Turing machine  $M_3$  that decides the language  $C = \{a^i b^j c^k : i \cdot j = k \text{ and } i, j, k \geq 1\}$  on page 174 (or page 146 of the second edition of the textbook). It is easy to see that the worst-case running time of that machine  $M_3$  on inputs of length  $n$  is at least  $\frac{1}{8} \cdot n^2$ . (Just think about how the machine behaves on the input string  $ab^{n/2}c^{n/2-1}$ .)

Your task for this problem: Give a high-level description of a multitape Turing machine  $M'$  that decides the language  $C$  more efficiently. Your description should be at the level of detail given for  $M_3$  on page 174 of the textbook. There should be a constant  $k$  such that the worst-case running time of  $M'$  on inputs of length  $n$  is at most  $k \cdot n$ . (Note that for large  $n$ ,  $k \cdot n$  is much smaller than  $\frac{1}{8} \cdot n^2$ .)

2. If  $L$  is a language over the alphabet  $\Sigma$ ,

$$PREFIX(L) = \{x : \exists y \in \Sigma^* \text{ such that } xy \in L\}.$$

Prove that if  $L$  is recognizable, then  $PREFIX(L)$  is also recognizable.

Note: for this question, you may use the Church-Turing thesis freely.