CSE6115

## Homework Assignment #3 Due: October 10, 2012

- 1. A no-writing Turing machine is one that never changes any character written on its tape. (Thus, in the transition function of such a machine, if  $\delta(q, a) = (q', a', d)$  then a = a'.) Let L be a language. Assume there is a no-writing Turing machine M that decides L.
  - (a) Prove that there exists a constant k such that, for every input string x, M never visits the same square of the tape more than k times.
  - (b) Show that you can construct a no-writing Turing machine M' that decides L without ever moving beyond the first n + 2 squares of the tape on any input of length n.
  - (c) Prove that  $L \in TIME(n)$ .
- 2. A Yes-No-Maybe Turing machine (YNMTM) is a nondeterministic Turing machine that has three possible output states,  $q_{YES}$ ,  $q_{NO}$ ,  $q_{MAYBE}$ . The machine halts when it reaches any one of these states. The running time of a YNMTM on input string x is measured the same way as for an ordinary non-deterministic Turing machine: it is the maximum number of steps the machine can take before halting when it is given string x.

We say that a YNMTM M decides language L if

- There is no string x such that two computations of M on input x lead to  $q_{YES}$  and  $q_{NO}$ , respectively.
- For every string  $x \in L$ , some computation of M on input x leads to  $q_{YES}$ .
- For every string  $x \notin L$ , some computation of M on input x leads to  $q_{NO}$ .

Intuitively, this means that M never gives a false answer, and for every string, M is capable of giving the correct answer.

Prove that  $L \in NP \cap co$ -NP iff there is a polynomial time YNMTM that decides L.