MATH/EECS 1019: DISCRETE MATH FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE FALL 2014 Assignment 1 (Released September 10, 2014) Submission deadline: 6:45 pm, Sept 22, 2014

Notes:

- 1. The assignment can be handwritten or typed. It MUST be legible.
- 2. You must do this assignment individually.
- 3. Submit this assignment only if you have read and understood the policy on academic honesty on the course web page. If you have questions or concerns, please contact the instructor.
- 4. Use the dropbox near the EECS main office to submit your assignments, OR submit your assignment online using the submit command from a EECS computer (follow instructions on the class webpage). No late submissions will be accepted. Please do not send files by email.
- 5. Your answers should be precise and concise. Points may be deducted for long, rambling arguments.
- 6. Assume \mathbb{R} to denote the real numbers, \mathbb{Z} to denote the set of integers $(\ldots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \ldots)$ and \mathbb{N} to denote the natural numbers $(1, 2, 3, \ldots)$.

Question 1

[2 points] Form the contrapositive of these statements:

- 1. If you drop the course, you will not get a grade for the course at the end of the term.
- 2. If a triangle is equilateral, it has 3 equal angles.

Question 2

[6 points] Decide whether the inferences are valid in each case. Give the reason behind each step. Do not use truth tables in this question.

1. $(p \lor q) \to r$ p $\therefore r$ 2. $p \to r$ $p \lor q$ $\neg q$ $\therefore r$ 3. $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, p(x) \lor q(x)$ $a \in \mathbb{R}$ $q(a) \to r(a)$ $\therefore p(a) \lor r(a)$

Question 3

[4 points] Write down the following sentences in predicate logic.

- 1. The equation $x^2 + 2x + 1 = 0$ has no solutions over the natural numbers.
- 2. Every positive real number has a **unique** positive real square root.

Question 4

[4 points] Write down the negations of the following expressions, so that the \neg symbol does not arise to the left of any quantifier. Indicate whether the negated statement is true.

- 1. $\forall x \in \mathbb{N}, x^2 \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } \frac{1}{2x} \notin \mathbb{N}.$
- 2. $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \exists n \in \mathbb{Z}, x^n > 0.$

Question 5

[4 points] Negate the following sentences

- 1. Truth is not always popular, but it is always right.
- 2. Some young people are not athletic.